

# RELAPSED OVARIAN CANCER



**J. Sehouli**

**ENGAGE  
GERMAN OVARIAN CANCER FOUNDATION  
Director of the Department of Gynecology and Center for  
Oncological Surgery  
ESGO Ovarian Cancer Center of Excellence  
Charité Comprehensive Cancer Center  
Charité/ Campus Virchow-Klinikum  
University of Berlin**

# Who needs surgery in relapsed ovarian cancer?

## What are the goals?

Improving  
**QoL**



Increasing  
**PFS**



Increasing  
**OAS**



# What factors influence the treatment decision making process („the Charité-algorithym“)

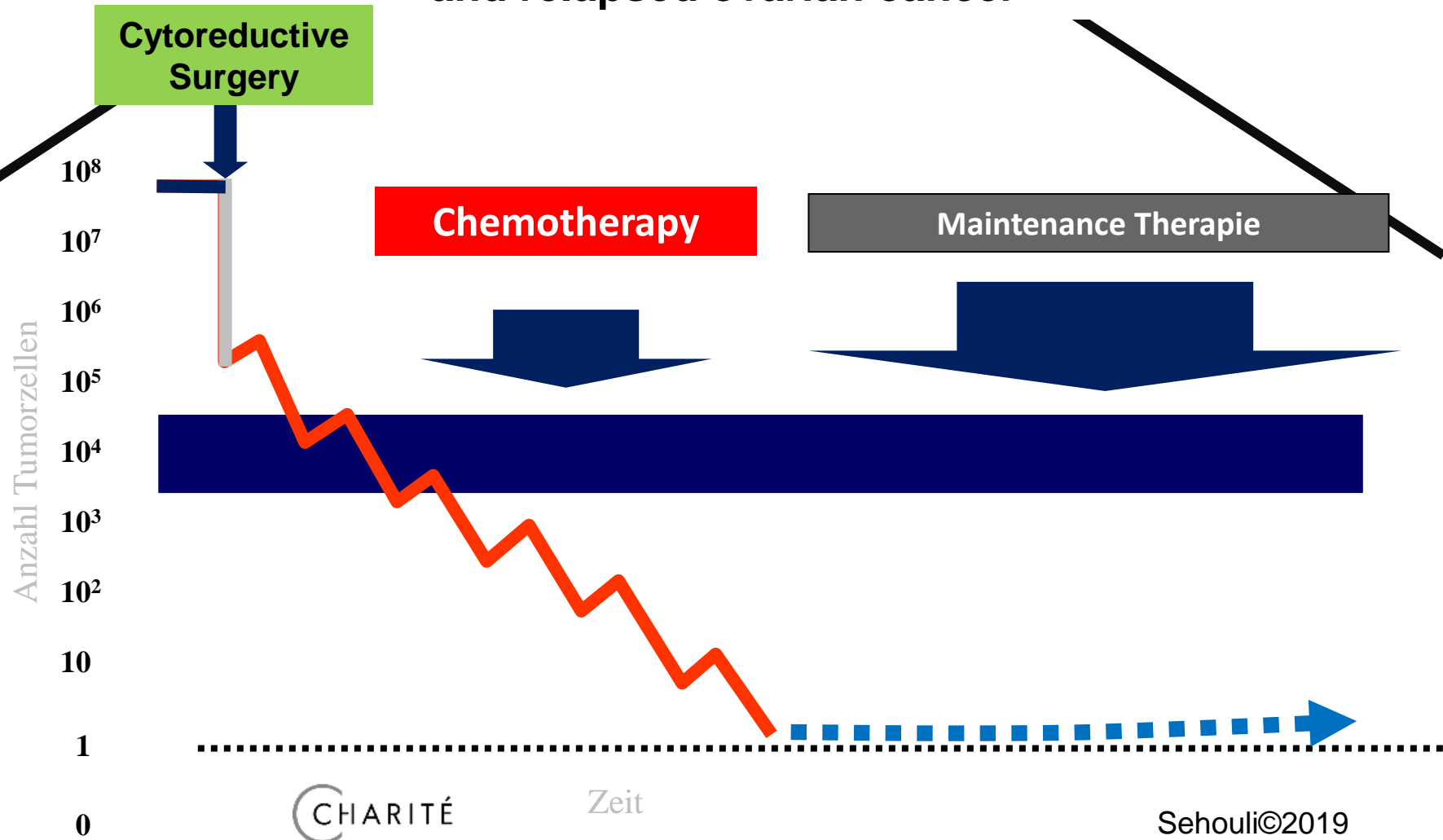
- **Current symptoms?, tumor pattern?**
- **Therapie free and progression free interval? (platinum resistance yes/no, relative or platinum sensitive?)**
- **General and functional status**
- **Relevant comorbidities? comedication?**
- **Side effects and complications of previous therapies?**
- **Ressources to overcome complications?**
- **Quality and results of the surgical and medical therapies?**
- **Previous therapy with bevacizumab?**
- **Tumorbiology (BRCA-Test?)**
- **Surgery vs. Surgery + medical therapy vs medical therapy vs best supportive care**
- **Motivation of the patients (preference, attitude)**
- **Treatment options?**
- **Study participation?**



**Treatment decision**



## The „Three Cornerstone Model“ in the management of primary and relapsed ovarian cancer



# Personalized Strategies in Relapsed Ovarian Cancer Symptoms?

Bowel obstruction? (Subileus/Ileus), Pleural effusion?/Ascites?

**Symptomatic  
Therapy required?**

yes

no

Surgery with the chance  
of complete resection?

yes

no

Operation?  
(ggf. PEG?,  
pleura-  
drainage?  
ascites-  
drainage?)

Bevacizumab-  
Prior therapy or  
contraindications  
?

yes

no

Carboplatin + peg. lip.  
Doxorubicin

Carboplatin +  
Paclitaxel

Carboplatin+ Gemcitabine

Niraparib\*

Olaparib\*

Rucaparib\*

Bevacizumab\*

Fast track  
BRCA-testing

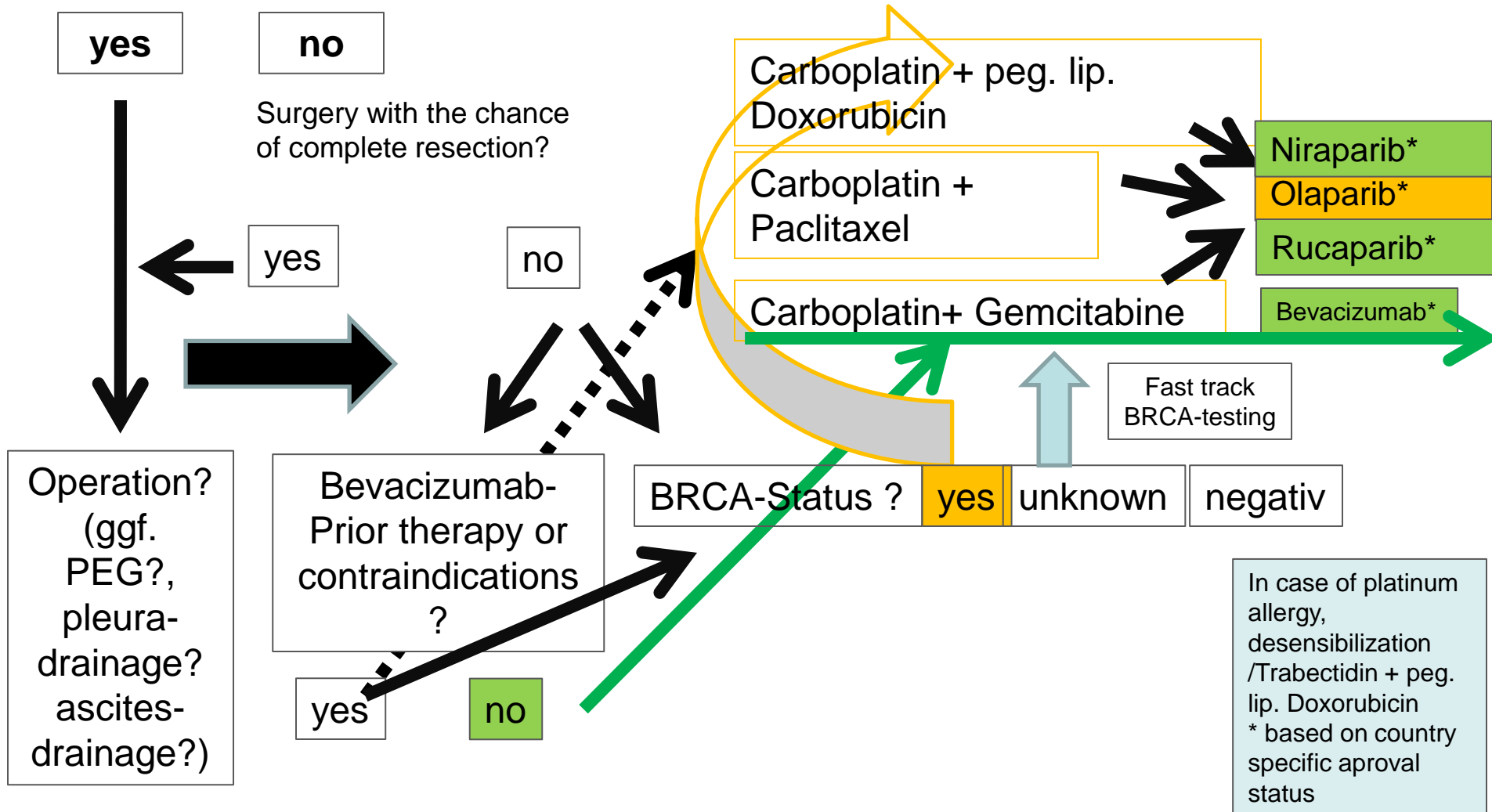
BRCA-Status ?

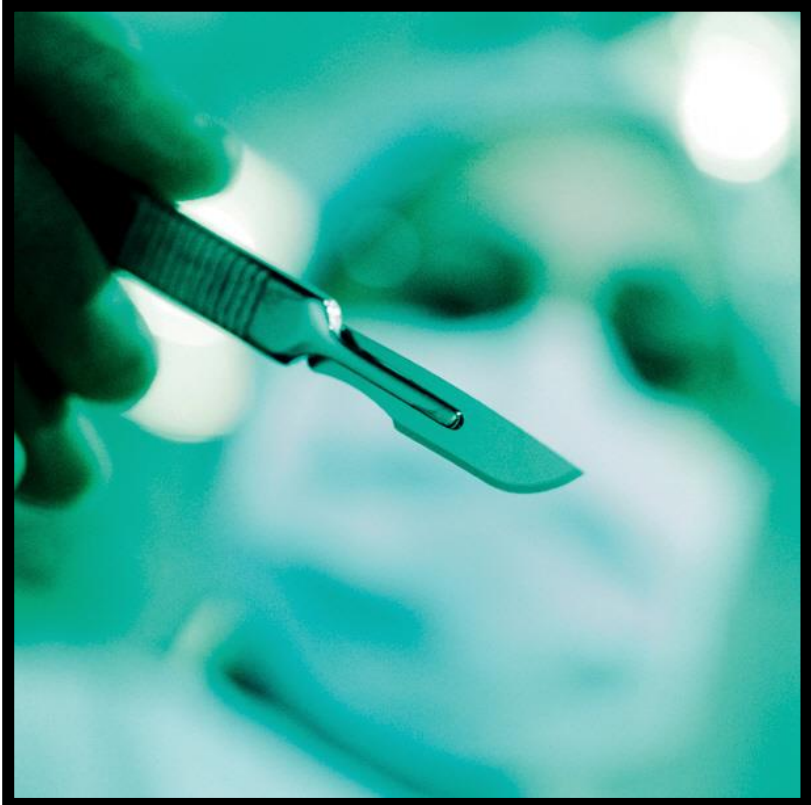
yes

unknown

negativ

In case of platinum  
allergy,  
desensibilization  
/Trabectedin + peg.  
lip. Doxorubicin  
\* based on country  
specific aproval  
status





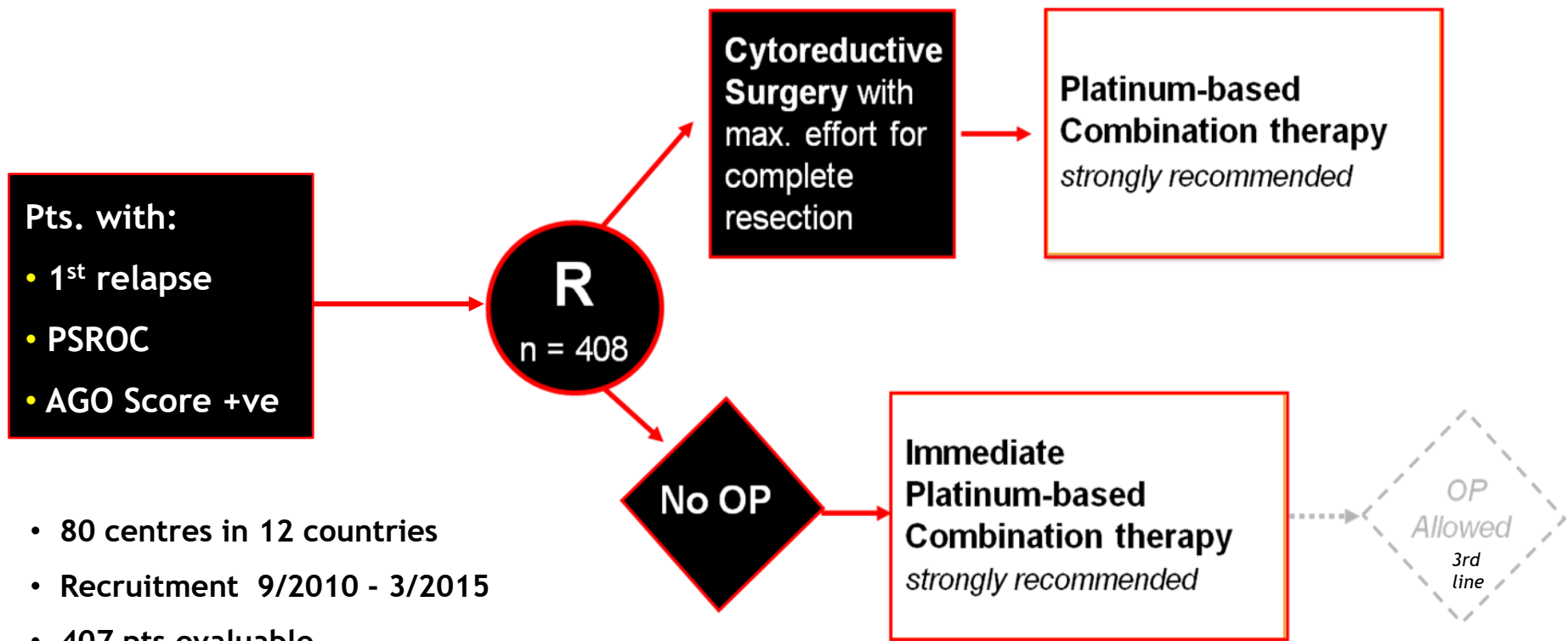
?

=



# Design: AGO DESKTOP III

(ENGOT-ov20; NCT01166737)



- 80 centres in 12 countries
- Recruitment 9/2010 - 3/2015
- 407 pts evaluable

# AGO DESKTOP III: translation into daily routine

(AGO–OVAR OP.4; ENGOT-ov20; NCT01166737)

- Patients with recurrent ovarian cancer and a platinum-free interval > 6 months should be evaluated regarding their eligibility for cytoreductive surgery:
  - AGO Score, imaging, patient & tumor characteristics
- and should be counseled for the options of secondary surgery (in specialized and experienced centres):
  - 50% AGO Score positive in pts with platinum-free interval > 6 mos
  - 75% complete resection in AGO Score positive pts
  - median survival gain > 12 mos if complete resection is achieved

Andreas du Bois  
AGO & KEIO Essen, Germany

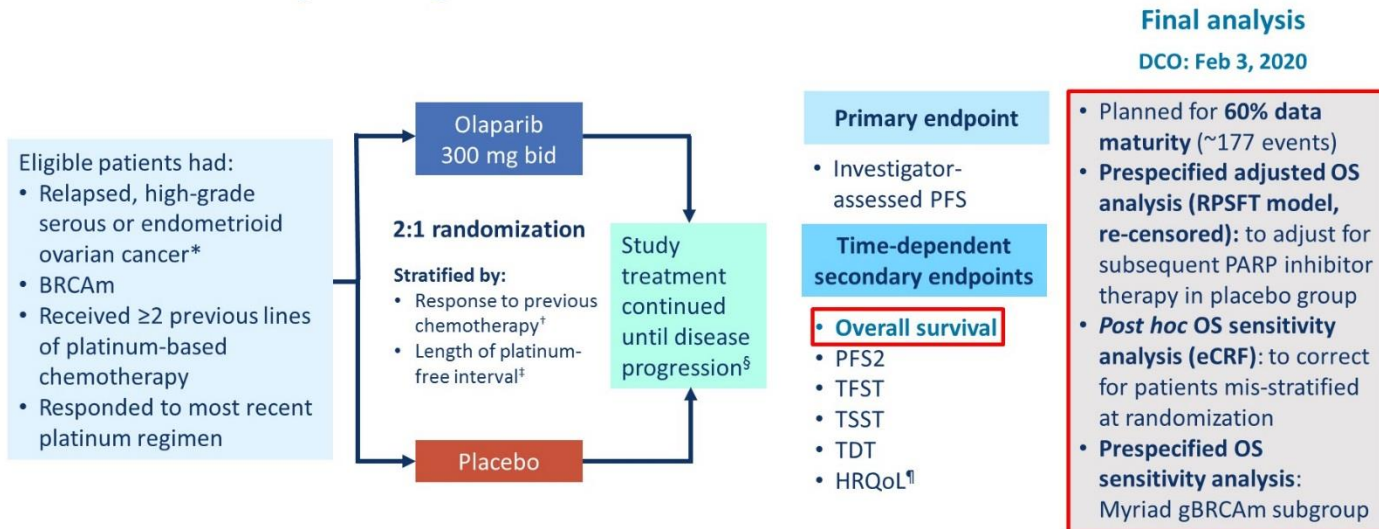
# Final overall survival results from SOLO2/ENGOT-ov21: a Phase III trial assessing maintenance olaparib in patients with platinum-sensitive, relapsed ovarian cancer and a BRCA mutation

**Andrés Poveda**,<sup>1</sup> Anne Floquet,<sup>2</sup> Jonathan Ledermann,<sup>3</sup> Rebecca Asher,<sup>4</sup> Richard Penson,<sup>5</sup>  
Amit Oza,<sup>6</sup> Jacob Korach,<sup>7</sup> Tomasz Huzarski,<sup>8</sup> Sandro Pignata,<sup>9</sup> Michael Friedlander,<sup>10</sup>  
Alessandra Baldoni,<sup>11</sup> Tjoung-Won Park-Simon,<sup>12</sup> Gabe Sonke,<sup>13</sup> Alla Lisyanskaya,<sup>14</sup>  
Jae-Hoon Kim,<sup>15</sup> Elias Abdo Filho,<sup>16</sup> Ignace Vergote,<sup>17</sup> Phil Rowe,<sup>18</sup> Eric Pujade-Lauraine<sup>19</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Initia Oncology, Hospital Quirónsalud, Valencia and GEICO, Spain; <sup>2</sup>Institut Bergonié, Comprehensive Cancer Centre, Bordeaux and GINECO, France; <sup>3</sup>UCL Cancer Institute, University College London, London and NCRI, UK; <sup>4</sup>University of Sydney, Camperdown, Sydney, Australia; <sup>5</sup>Harvard Medical School, Massachusetts General Hospital, Boston, MA, USA; <sup>6</sup>Princess Margaret Cancer Centre, University of Toronto, Toronto, Canada; <sup>7</sup>Sheba Medical Center, Tel Aviv University, Tel Hashomer and ISGO, Israel; <sup>8</sup>Department of Genetics and Pathology, Pomeranian Medical University and Read-Gene SA, Grzegorz, Szczecin, Poland; <sup>9</sup>Istituto Nazionale Tumori 'Fondazione G. Pascale', IRCCS, Napoli and MITO, Italy; <sup>10</sup>University of New South Wales Clinical School, Prince of Wales Hospital, Randwick, Australia; <sup>11</sup>Istituto Oncologico Veneto, IOV-IRCCS, Padova and MANGO, Italy; <sup>12</sup>Department of Gynaecology and Obstetrics, Hannover Medical School, Hannover and AGO, Germany; <sup>13</sup>The Netherlands Cancer Institute, Amsterdam and DGOG, The Netherlands; <sup>14</sup>St Petersburg City Clinical Oncology Dispensary, St Petersburg, Russia; <sup>15</sup>Yonsei University College of Medicine, Seoul, South Korea; <sup>16</sup>Instituto do Câncer do Estado São Paulo-Faculdade de Medicina da Universidade de São Paulo, São Paulo, Brazil; <sup>17</sup>University Hospital Leuven, Leuven Cancer Institute, Leuven and BGOG, Belgium; <sup>18</sup>AstraZeneca, Cambridge, UK; <sup>19</sup>Université Paris Descartes, AP-HP, Paris, France

ClinicalTrials.gov identifier: NCT01874353. This study was sponsored by AstraZeneca and is part of an alliance between AstraZeneca and Merck Sharp & Dohme Corp., a subsidiary of Merck & Co., Inc., Kenilworth, NJ, USA

# SOLO2: study design



\*Includes primary peritoneal of fallopian tube cancer; <sup>†</sup>Complete or partial response; <sup>‡</sup>>6–12 or >12 months; <sup>§</sup>Or until discontinuation criteria were met, and treatment could continue beyond progression if the investigator deemed the patient be experiencing benefit; <sup>¶</sup>Assessed by the TOI of the FACT-O  
eCRF, electronic case report form; gBRCAm, germline BRCA mutation; FACT-O, Functional Assessment of Cancer Therapy – Ovarian; HRQoL, health-related quality of life; PFS2, time to second progression; RPSFT, rank preserving structural failure time model; TDT, time to study treatment discontinuation or death; TFST, time to first subsequent therapy or death; TOI, trial outcome index; TSST, time to second subsequent therapy or death

## SOLO2: patient characteristics

	Olaparib (N=196)	Placebo (N=99)
<b>Primary tumor location, n (%)</b>		
Ovary	162 (83)	86 (87)
Fallopian tube or primary peritoneal	31 (16)	13 (13)
Other	2 (1)	0
Missing	1 (1)	0
<b>Histology, n (%)</b>		
Serous	183 (93)	86 (87)
Endometrioid	9 (5)	8 (8)
Mixed	3 (2)	5 (5)
Missing	1 (1)	0
<b>gBRCAm by Myriad testing, n (%)</b>		
BRCA1	132 (67)	61 (62)
BRCA2	58 (30)	35 (35)
Missing*	6 (3)	3 (3)
<b>ECOG performance status, n (%)</b>		
0	162 (83)	77 (78)
1	32 (16)	22 (22)
Missing	2 (1)	0

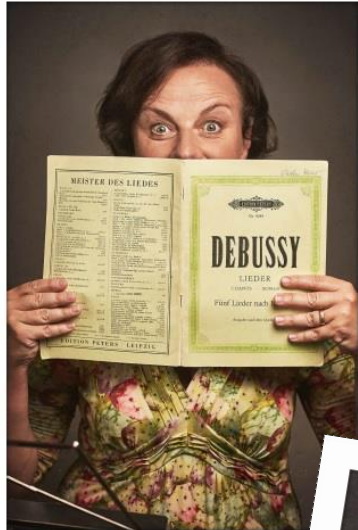
Percentages may not total 100% because of rounding

\*Patients with a confirmed gBRCAm by local testing, but without confirmed gBRCAm status as part of this trial. ECOG, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group

## Conclusions

- **SOLO2 is the first Phase III trial of maintenance PARP inhibitor therapy to report OS data for women with PSROC and a BRCAm since the introduction of platinum-based chemotherapy**
  - Maintenance olaparib provided a clinically meaningful prolongation of median OS by 12.9 months over placebo
- **At 5 years, 42% of patients treated with olaparib were alive**
  - 22% of patients remained on maintenance olaparib for  $\geq 5$  years
  - Time to first subsequent therapy was improved with olaparib vs placebo
- **Few additional AEs, and dose modifications or discontinuations due to AEs, occurred in olaparib patients with longer-term treatment**
  - MDS/AML incidences should be interpreted in the context of their late onset and the longer OS observed with olaparib vs placebo; potential risk factors will be further explored

„Ich lebe!“



Carolin Masur

Erstdiagnose Eierstockkrebs: 2005

*„Ich habe das große Glück, meine Energie für die Musik wiedergefunden zu haben und die Musik wiedergefunden zu haben. Dankbar dafür teile ich diese Leidenschaft.“*

„Ich lebe!“



„Ich lebe!“



Dorothea Müller

Erstdiagnose Eierstockkrebs: 2003 | Rezidiv: 2006

*„Während meiner Erkrankung ließ mich die 'pure Lust am Leben' durchhalten, was manchmal wirklich schwer war. Manchmal hat der Mensch auch Glück! Denn vieles liegt außerhalb unseres Machtbereiches.“*



„Ich lebe!“

Und was ist Ihr persönliches Lebenselixier?

to exhibition I'M ALIVE! made its debut. Sponsored by TESARO German Ovarian Cancer Foundation, photos depicted long-term her with the person, item or pastime that encouraged them to r fight. Foundation co-founder, Prof. Dr. Jalid Sehouli, opened en's stories and sharing the purpose of this traveling exhibition: their own motivation as they bravely face cancer. Next stop will around Germany. Thank you to TESARO DACH for living our voices!



([www.carolinmeetshanna.com](http://www.carolinmeetshanna.com))



**Fatigue in long-term survivors with ovarian cancer: Results of Expression VI – Carolin meets HANNA – Holistic Analysis of Long-term survival with Ovarian Cancer: the international NOGGO, ENGOT and GCIG survey**

.

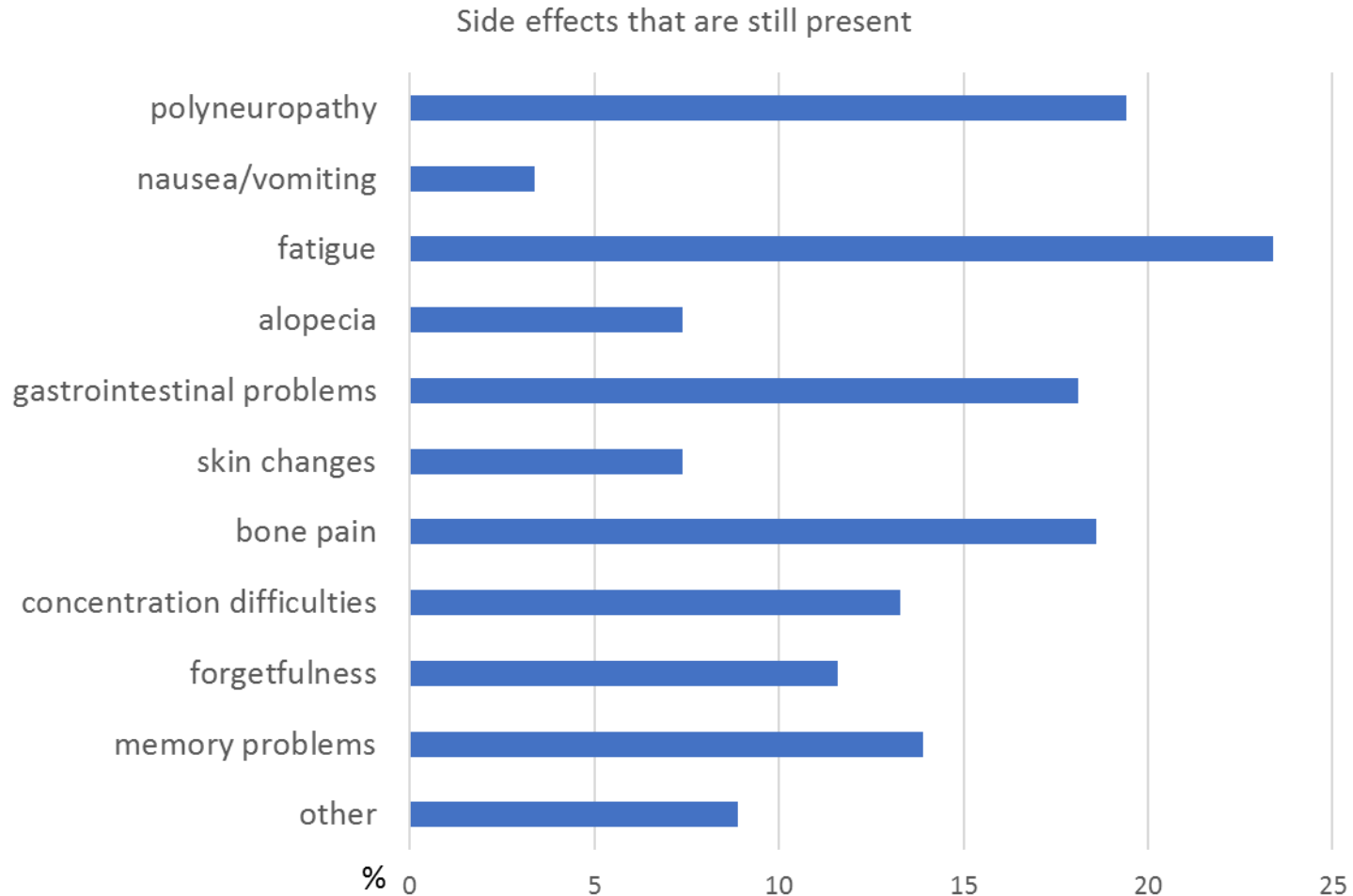
**H. Woopen<sup>1,2</sup>, M. Keller<sup>2</sup>, E. I. Braicu<sup>1,2</sup>, D. Zocholl<sup>3</sup>, P. Krabisch<sup>2,4</sup>, T. Boxler<sup>2,5</sup>, P. Barretina-Ginesta<sup>6</sup>, C. Mendiola<sup>7</sup>, J. Lafleur<sup>8</sup>, D. Reimer<sup>9</sup>, V. Heinzelmann<sup>10</sup>, E. Samartzis<sup>11</sup>, M. A. Vardar<sup>12</sup>, C. Taskiran<sup>13</sup>, I. Vergote<sup>14</sup>, E. van Nieuwenhuysen<sup>14</sup>, J. Sehouli<sup>1,2</sup>**



**([www.carolinmeetshanna.com](http://www.carolinmeetshanna.com))**

# Figure 3:

## Side effects that are still present



# Figure 4.1: Current complaints/diagnoses in association with fatigue

